UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF M	ASSACHUSETTS

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COURT SETTS CIVIL ACTION NOS COST

ANTHONY P. SCAPICCHIO, M.D., Plaintiff,

MAGISTRATE JUDGE

v.

MOUNT AUBURN PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, a Massachusetts non-profit corporation, MOUNT AUBURN HOSPITAL, a hospital incorporated in Massachusetts, for itself and as administrator of the Mount Auburn Hospital RetirementPlus 403(b) Plan, and THOMAS FABIANO, Defendents.

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## **COMPLAINT**

## **The Parties**

- 1. Anthony Scapicchio, M.D. ("Scapicchio") lives at 780 Boylston Street, Boston, MA 02199.
- 2. Mount Auburn Professional Service, is a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and its principal place of business is at 330 Mount Auburn Street, Cambridge, MA 02138.
- 3. Mount Auburn Hospital is, upon information and belief, a hospital organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and its principal place of business is at 330 Mount Auburn Street, Cambridge, MA 02138.
- 4. Thomas Fabiano administers the Mount Auburn Hospital RetirementPlus 403(b) Plan on behalf of Mount Auburn Professional Services and Mount Auburn Hospital.
- 5. The Mount Auburn Hospital RetirementPlus 403(b) Plan, is sponsored and administered by Mount Auburn Hospital.

#### **Jurisdiction**

6. Jurisdiction resides in this Court pursuant to 29 U.S.C. 1132(e)(7).

7. Dr. Scappichio has exhausted all administrative remedies.

#### The Facts

- 8. Dr. Scapicchio became the chief of emergency services for Mount Auburn Hospital in 1974, chief of ambulatory services in 1976, chairman of the department of emergency medicine in 1987, and in 1989 became chairman emeritus, department of emergency medicine.
- 9. In 1990 Mount Auburn Hospital offered what became known as RetirementPlus, a tax deferred annuity plan to meet the requirements of Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. The retirement plan document was provided to Dr. Scapicchio. UNUM Life Insurance Co., one of the carriers provided promotional material that stated retirement benefits would continue while an individual was on disability. Upon information and belief, Mount Auburn Hospital authorized and adopted the representations set forth in the promotional literature.
- In 1994 a long-term disability plan was offered as part of Scapicchio's RetirementPlus 10. 403(b) Plan Account (the "Plan"). When it was offered, representations were made to Dr. Scapicchio that if disabled, employees of Mount Auburn Hospital would receive wage replacement benefits from his long term disability plan up to the date of retirement, and that the employer would make payments to the retirement plan so a disabled individual would have a fully funded retirement benefits plan comparable to peers that were not disabled, upon retirement.
- 11. Dr. Scapicchio was personally involved with the development of the plan in his role as head of Emergency Services for Mount Auburn Hospital. He was a leader in its development to ensure the Mount Auburn Hospital was able to recruit qualified physicians. The intent of the plan developers was to ensure a fully funded retirement plan.
- 12. The plan document and the plan summary are silent as to whether employer contributions continue during the course of an employee's disability.
- 13. Dr. Scapicchio had entered into an employment agreement with Mount Auburn Hospital in 1989. The terms of the agreement continued from year-to-year without modification. The employment agreement provided that contributions would be made to retirement plans upon the completion of two years of employment during which the individual worked twenty or more hours per week. That requirement ceased upon an individual becoming a qualified employee.
- 14. In January 1995, Dr. Scapicchio became disabled. Upon the recommendation of employees of Mount Auburn Hospital he applied for long-term disability insurance benefits, and benefits were granted.

- 15. Upon information and belief, Mount Auburn Hospital continued to make contributions to Dr. Scapicchio's account until July 1995. Dr. Scapicchio relied upon the continued payment of contributions into his account during the early periods of his disability. By making such contributions after Dr. Scapicchio ceased working twenty hours per week due to his disability Mount Auburn Hospital waived any rights to assert the failure to work twenty or more hours per week as a defense to payment of contributions for Dr. Scapicchio.
- 16. In taking the long-term disability Dr. Scapicchio relied upon the representations made that contributions would continue to be made to the retirement plan during a disability.
- The defendants knew or should have known that Dr. Scapicchio reasonably relied upon 17. the representations related to contribution payments.
- 18. On August 12, 2002, Dr. Scapicchio was informed by Fidelity Investments, for the first time, that Mount Auburn Hospital had ceased making contributions to the retirement portion of the Plan account in 1995 and at that time his employee status went from active to terminated.
- 19. At no time did Mount Auburn Hospital notify Dr. Scapicchio that he was terminated in 1995. At no time Mount Auburn Hospital notify Dr. Scapicchio that it had ceased making contributions to his retirement account.
- 20. Upon information and belief, Mount Auburn Hospital ceased making contributions to Dr. Scapicchio's account on or after August 1995, in contravention of Title I, 42 U.S.C. §12112(b)(2) and M.G.L. c. 151D, illegally discriminated in the provision of benefits by ceasing to make contributions to the Plan on behalf of Dr. Scapicchio, although, upon information and belief, it continued to make contributions to all non-disabled employees during that period. Such discriminatory actions continued through each succeeding pay period.
- 21. The benefits arising from the Plan were to be reaped post-employment.
- 22. The discriminatory conduct action was taken after Dr. Scapicchio, who had been a qualified employee, had become disabled. He was thereafter entitled to equal postemployment benefits as a result of being a qualified employee prior to becoming disabled.
- 23. Mount Auburn Hospital continued to pay Dr. Scapicchio and issue W-2's on an annual basis from 1995 through Dr. Scapicchio's retirement in 2002, but failed to make any contributions to his Plan account on his behalf.
- As of 1995, Dr. Scapicchio was fully vested in his retirement benefits because he had 24. twenty years of service with Mount Auburn Hospital. As a result, he was entitled to contributions from Mount Auburn Hospital of eight percent of the allowable compensation amount.

- 25. On or about August 2002, Dr. Scapicchio filed a claim with respect to his Mount Auburn Hospital RetirementPLUS 403(b) Plan requesting the Mount Auburn Hospital make contributions to his retirement plan.
- 26. On or about October 15, 2002, Dr. Scapicchio's claim was denied based on Mount Auburn Hospital's claim that it did not "pay" Dr. Scapicchio while he was on disability. and therefore, Dr. Scapicchio was not compensated for purposes of the 403(b) Plan. It failed to make any other specific references to plan provisions on which the denial was based.
- 27. Mount Auburn Hospital gave Dr. Scapicchio notice that he had the right to request a review of the denial within 60 days of the denial. It failed to provide him a guideline of steps to take to obtain a full and fair review with a hearing if requested.
- 28. On or about October 24, 2002, Dr. Scapicchio requested his statutory right to appeal the decision to deny his claim, he requested notice of the name of the individual who would conduct the appeal, and the procedural rules contemplated. He specifically notified Mount Auburn Hospital that disability payments qualify as compensation.
- 29. On or about October 24, 2002, Dr. Scapicchio also requested copies of pertinent documents, including, all plan documents and the summary plan descriptions for every retirement plan in effect at or after the first employment of Dr. Scapicchio, and documents regarding any employee welfare or employee benefit plans.
- 30. Mount Auburn Hospital failed to adequately respond to Dr. Scapicchio in that it did not notify him of the individual(s) conducting the appeal or the procedural rules to be used. It also specifically failed to provided him the requested documents, or to make such documents available for review.
- 31. Rather, on or about December 20, 2002, without allowing further review or participation Mount Auburn Hospital issued a letter affirming its denial of Dr. Scapicchio's claims for contribution payments.
- 32. Mount Auburn Hospital thereby violated 29 U.S.C. §1133 and 29 C.F.R. 2560.503(f). Its violation of the statutory and regulatory provisions constituted arbitrary and capricious denial of benefits.
- 33. For the first time, Mount Auburn Hospital notified Dr. Scapicchio that, in its opinion, he was not eligible for benefits because he was not regularly scheduled to work at least 20 hours a week while he was disabled. For the first time, Mount Auburn Hospital notified Dr. Scapicchio that it could not calculate contributions because compensation received was not for the "performance of services." For the first time, after the denial of the appeal, Mount Auburn Hospital notified Dr. Scapicchio that it would not provide the requested documents.

- 34. Mount Auburn Hospital violated Dr. Scapicchio's right to a full and fair review of its decision by, among other things, failing to provide requested documents, by failing to allow a review based on all pertinent information, by failing to allow him to respond to the new reasons for the denial of benefits, and by failing to indicate the fiduciaries conducting the review.
- 35. Mount Auburn Hospital continued to pay Dr. Scapicchio and issue W-2's on an annual basis, but failed to make any contributions to the Plan account on his behalf.
- 36. Although Dr. Scapicchio was a beneficiary of the retirement plan and that he had a right to the contributions Mount Auburn Hospital arbitrarily and capriciously denied his right to the benefits requested.
- 37. On May 5, 2003, Dr. Scapicchio received a letter from Mount Auburn Hospital denying Dr. Scapicchio's request that Mount Auburn Hospital make contributions to the Plan on his behalf because of his disability.
- 38. The Mount Auburn Hospital Plan required that Mount Auburn Hospital provide a written denial with (a) the reasons for the denial, (b) the plan provisions on which the denial is based, (c) any additional material or information necessary to perfect the claim and the reasons it is necessary, and (d) the plan's claims review procedure.
- Mount Auburn Hospital failed to comply with the Plan because the written denial did not 39. identify the plan provision on which the denial was based, it did not notify Dr. Scapicchio of additional material that it needed to consider the claim for benefits, and it failed to notify Dr. Scapicchio of the review procedure.
- 40. The Plan also required a full and fair review, that pertinent documents would be made available for review, and that a claimant is to be given an opportunity to submit issues and comments orally, in writing, or both. Mount Auburn Hospital denied Dr. Scapicchio all of these rights.
  - a retirement savings program designed to provide employees of Mount Auburn a. Hospital with a progressive and flexible retirement plan:
  - a disability benefits program that provides money which does not reduce the b. amount of money which would have been paid as Retirement Benefits at the normal retirement age under the plan if the disability had not occurred:
  - c. is to be construed to carry out the intent of the plan.
- 41. The intent of the Plan, as represented to Dr. Scapicchio, was to couple the retirement program and disability program together to ensure that a disabled employee's retirement package, would be fully funded upon retirement.

- 42. The Summary Plan specifically identifies the "employer contribution" as the Plan's most important advantage. The contribution allows the employee to "accumulate a substantial fund for your future financial security."
- In determining whether an individual has sufficient years of service to be a qualified 43. employee the Plan considers hours of service in the proceeding years. "An hour of service" is "(b) Each hour for which you are paid, or entitled to payment, by the hospital on account of a period of time during which no duties are performed (irrespective of whether the employment relationship has terminated) due to vacation, holiday, illness, incapacity (including disability), ...."
- 44. As defined therein, it is clear that after one has qualified for the Plan, that time on disability is included as time paid by The Mount Auburn Hospital.
- 45. The denial of Dr. Scapicchio's claim and appeal arbitrarily and capriciously fails to construe the plan according to its intent as to an issue that is not addressed by the Plan.
- 46. The defendants owed a duty to Dr. Scapicchio as fiduciary of the Plan.
- 47. The denial of Dr. Scapicchio's claim constituted a breach of fiduciary duty.
- 48. Mount Auburn Hospital's actions violate the American with Disabilities Act and M.G.L. c. 151B by discriminating against Dr. Scapicchio based on his disability in the provision of benefits.
- 49. As a result of the Defendants' negligent and intentional acts, Dr. Scapicchio has, and continues to, suffer emotional distress.
- 50. Dr. Scapicchio was damaged by the defendant's actions.

#### JURY DEMAND ON ALL CLAIMS SO TRIABLE

Dr. Scapicchio hereby requests that this matter be set for a jury trial.

WHEREFORE, Dr. Scapicchio respectfully requests that this Court enter a judgment on his behalf as follows:

- a. Declare that under either the employment contract or the Plan that Dr. Scapicchio is entitled to contributions to his retirement plan while he was disabled;
- b. Order a judgment for the amount of contributions, to be proven at trial, that should have been paid, plus interest; and
- c. Award such other damages, including emotional damages, as are to be proven at

trial, plus costs and attorney fees.

Respectfully submitted, Anthony Scapicchio, M.D.

By his attorney.

Rodney S. Dowell, Esq., BBO 629016

Berman & Dowell

210 Commercial Street

Boston, MA 02109

617-723-9911

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

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# CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS-44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the divid docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

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